potentially viable units. The banks and financial institutions evolve rehabilitation packages for the revival of sick units.

(iv) Reserve Bank of India have also issued guidelines separately to the banks indicating parameters within which banks could grant reliefs and concessions for rehabilitation of potentially viable sick units without reference to RBI both in the large and small scale sector.

(v) Government of India introduced a Margin Money Scheme with a view to supplementing the efforts of the State Governments in reducing the incidence of sickness in the small scale sector. Under the liberalised scheme the maximum amount of assistance per unit available to sick small scale units for rehabilitation has been increased from Rs. 20,000/- to Rs. 50,000/-

(vi) An Excise Relief Scheme for weak units has also been announced. The scheme would apply to any unit in which 50% or\ more of the maximum net worth in any of the previous five accounting years has been eroded by accumulated losses. The unit should have a rehabilitation, modernisation or diversification package approved by a designated financial institution.The eligible unit would be entitled to an interest free loan, with a grace period of 3 years and repayable over seven years, amounting to 50% of its actual excise payments for three years subsequent to the approval of the scheme. The total amount given by way of such "Excise Loans' will not exceed 25% of the overall cost of rehabilitation/Modernisation / diversification.

(vii) A Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI) has been established in April, 1990 to function as an Apex bBank for tiny and small scale industries. The paid up capital of this bank is Rs. 250 crores.

SIDBI has been organising rehabilitation meets in different state to help primary londing institutions (PLIs) and promoters in drawing up mutually acceptable rehabilitation packages for potentially viable sick SSI units. During 1990-91, 23 meets were organised at 14 centres where cases of over 250 units were discussed. The response from the PLIs and borrowers to such meets has been encouraging.

A separate Refinance Scheme for Rehabilitation (RSR) is being operated by SIDBI for revival of potentially viable sick SSI units.

Khadi and Village Industries Commission in Uttar Pradesh

1033. SHRI SHIV SHARAN VERMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the government have formulated any development scheme for Khadi and Village Industries Commission in Uttar Pradesh;

(b) whether the Government have provided any financial assistance for the functioning of Khadi and village industries in Uttar Pradesh; and

(c) if so, the details therefore?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (PROF. PJ. KURIEN): (a) The Government gives funds to Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC) to promote khadi and village industries under its purview. The KVI is actively engaged in the development of KVI programmes in Uttar Pradesh through Uttar Pradesh State Khadi and Village Industries *Board, registered institutions and cooperatives* directly aided by KVIC as also KVIC's Departmental Units.

(b) and (c). KVIC disbursed the following funds in Uttar Pradesh State for implementation of Khadi and Village Industries Programmes during 1989-90 and 1990-91.

Rs.in lakhs

	1989-90		*1990-91*	
	Grant	*Loan*	*Grant*	*Loan*
Khadi	1472.88	472.09	1731.88	417.90
V.I.	154.93	1491.76	47.92	1611.52
Total:	1627.81	1963.85	1779.80	2029.42

Central Public Sector Undertakings in Uttar Pradesh

1034.SHRI SHIV SHARAN VERMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government have identified those central public sector undertakings of Uttar pradesh whose working has not been satisfactory during the last two years; and

(b) the reasons for which those are not functioning satisfactorily and the steps taken by the Government for improving their working capacity?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY(SHRI P.K. THUNGON): (a) Twelve out of seventeen Central Public Sector Enterprises having their registered offices in the State of U.P. have incurred losses during the last two years, i.e. 1989-90 and 1988-89 upto period only the informations is available.

(b) The reasons attributable to losses by public sector enterprises are escalation in import cost, low capacity utilisation, outdated plants and machineries, shortage of power, excess manpower, demand variations etc. Improving working of the enterprises is a continuous process. Enterprise specific remedial action is taken by the Government and the concerned enterprise. Some of the measures taken are modernisation and rehabilitation plans, financial, managerial and organisational restructuring, change in product-mix energy conservation, technological upgradation, signing of MOU with the government, etc.

Fly Ash conserelon Plants by Delhi development Authority

1035. SHRI SHIV SHARAN VERMA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to refer to the reply given on 26 August, 1991 to the USQ No. 4413 and state:

(a) whether all the required information regarding Fly Ash Conversion Plants by Delhi Development Authority has since been collected and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR URABAN DEVELOPMENT(SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) The DDA has approved the setting up of two fly-ash concession plants behind